CURRICULUM MAP	
Subject	Computer Science
Head of Department	G Flatley
SCHOOL INTENT	
Rutlish School Vision: Rut Through all we do, we pr strengths and capabilities confident, capable and sl	ish School is committed in providing the highest quality education and opportunities for students. epare students for opportunities, responsibilities and experiences later in life. We aim to inspire, enable and facilitate lifelong learners able to build on their individual s, who achieve their ambitions. We seek to support our students becoming healthy, happy, successful modern people young adults; knowledgeable, kind, aware, silful members of society. (Curriculum Intent)
Rutlish School Mission Sta We want students to: succeed (we strive to pro	itement: "Modeste, Strenue, Sancte: Be modest, be thorough, pursue righteousness"
embrace challenge, build be aware of their respons	resilience, overcome setbacks and become increasingly independent in pursuit of their goals i bilities and feel confident to participate and contribute to society. (Curriculum Intent)
DEPARTMENT INTENT	
The aim of Computer S change the world. We s and demanding techno programmed.	cience at Rutlish is to provide a high-quality computing education which equips students to use computational thinking and to creatively understand and cudy Computer Science to help us think in a more logical way and become better at making decisions and solving problems in a world that is rapidly changing sogical expertise. The curriculum will teach students key knowledge about how computers and computer systems work, and how they are designed and
KEY STAGE 3 RATIONALI	/ INTENT
The KS3 curriculum has on developing resilient students to progress or choices.	been designed to ensure learners have sufficient knowledge to stay safe online and use computers safely in life. The KS3 curriculum also provides a focus learners who are able to learn from mistakes and effectively solve problems. The topics at KS3 give a basis of knowledge, skills and understanding to allow ito either i-Media or Computer Science at KS4 and will provide exposure to those subjects so that students can make an informed decision on their GCSE
KEY STAGE 4 RATIONALI	/ INTENT
At KS 4 students build of decomposition and abs they use computer syst	In the skills they have learned in KS 3. The curriculum develops the student's ability to become a more resilient learner that is focused on logical thinking, traction of problems to ultimately become advanced at solving computational problems. Students also continue to develop skills in digital literacy where to create and evaluate digital products for specific audiences and purposes.
KEY STAGE 5 RATIONAL	
The KS 5 program of stu Computer Science at KS follow a test driven dev The curriculum enables	dy develops the ability of students to become independent learners and to use research to extend their knowledge beyond the scope of the specification. 5 provides students with the challenge of programming a computer game that embeds complexities, creativity and allows students to problem solve and elopment process. The curriculum enables students to become critical thinkers that are able to apply and evaluate their knowledge to different scenarios. students to become critical thinkers that are able to apply and evaluate their knowledge to different scenarios.
QUALITY FIRST TEACHIN	
Scaffolding, m	odelling and sample answers incorporated into all lesson resources.
All programmi	ng tasks and theory questions set in GCSE exam question format
 Metacognition 	strategies incorporated into lessons through providing opportunities to peer and self-assess and reflect on progress.

- Metacognition strategies incorporated into lessons through providing opportunities to peer and self-assess and reflect on progress.
 Explicit teaching of programming and computational skills to enable students to become independent learners focused on problem solving.
- Continuous recap and revise promote knowing more and remembering more.
- Self-assessment to promote independent learning, self-correction and developing individual subject knowledge.
- Algorithmic quizzes targeted at student weaknesses.

YEAR 10:	10: Computer Science: THEORY						
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
	UNIT OF WORK: Systems Architecture	UNIT OF WORK: Data Representation	UNIT OF WORK: Image and Sound Representation, Compression	UNIT OF WORK: <u>Networks and Protocols</u>	UNIT OF WORK: <u>Network Security</u>	UNIT OF WORK: Ethical Legal Cultural	
KNOWLEDGE	The purpose of the CPU, the common components and their functions. The different factors that affect CPU performance and how primary and secondary memory is used in computers. The need for secondary storage and the advantages and disadvantages of different types of storage.	How data is represented in binary and hex. To recall knowledge from KS 3 to convert binary to denary, add and subtract binary numbers. What ASCII is and to be able to recall knowledge from KS 3 on ASCII representation. To perform logic and arithmetic shifts.	Explore how images are represented as specific code and what the effects of images size and quality is in relation to bit depth. How analogue sound are represented in binary. What lossy and lossless compression is?	Explore the different types of networks and topologies and the hardware needed to connect to different types of networks. To explore wired and wireless networks and to understand the different protocols that operate at each layer of the different types of networks.	Explore how networks come under attack and how networks can be protected from threats. To be able to identify the type of network threats and vulnerabilities. To explore the different types of OS and to understand the different purposes and functions of an OS. Types of utility software and the purpose and function of each.	Impacts of digital technology on wider society. Explore the legislation relevant to Computer Science.	
KEY SKILLS	Analyse the performance of the CPU. Remember and understand the architecture the CPU. Remember and understand the purpose and characteristics of embedded systems. Evaluate the use of secondary storage to a given scenario.	Understand the methods of conversions. Apply the formulae to various problems.	Analyse graphs – identify how sound are stored in digital format. Understand the effect of sample rate on sound quality file size. Apply formulae to calculate file sizes. Understand and remember lossy and lossless compression and be able to apply the correct method of compression to a given scenario.	Remember and understand the different types of network protocols and be able to recall the different network layers and their functions. To be able to apply formulae to calculate network speed. To be able to evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of different networks and topologies. Create summaries of flipped learning materials – create your own questions, develop independent learning.	Remember and understand each of the types of threats to a network. Remember and understand the types of utility software. Understand how to identify and prevent network vulnerabilities.	Apply the relevant legislation to a given scenario. To understand and remember the impact of technology on society. To be able to evaluate the impact of technology on society, culture and ethics. Discuss the impacts of digital technology on the wider society including ethical issues, cultural issues and environmental issues. Describe the features of open source and proprietary software licences.	
HOW DO WE BUILD ON SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE?	Link to KS 3: Year 7 : Introduction to computers. Year 8 : How computers work.	Link to KS 3: Year 7 : Introduction to binary. Year 8 : Data representation (build on year 7 skills + compression and image representation) Year 9 - Build on year 8 recap knowledge of year 7 and 8 + intro to Two's complement and S & M, recap on ASCII.	Link to KS 3: Year 8 - Compression algorithms topic.	Link to KS 3: Year 8 - networks topic	<u>Link to KS 3:</u> Year 8 - networks topic KS 3 – Online safety topics	<u>Link to KS 3:</u> Year – Ethical and legal	

	Careers:	Careers:	Careers:	Careers:	Careers:					
IRLD quality y, etc. ts	Link to Jon Von Neuman	Alan Turing – equalities -	See ppt slide on links to	See ppt slide on links to	See ppt slide on links to					
	and Alan Turing – see PPT.	see ppt.	careers in web design and	careers in networking jobs	careers in cyber intelligence					
WC ;; ec iicit	Ç		graphic design.		officer.					
HE sers thr sub		Cross curricular		Cross curricular		Cross curricular				
O T care s, e s, e			Cross curricular		Cross curricular					
S T to (clas fere		Link to Maths – numeracy.	Link to Maths – numeracy.	Link to Maths – numeracy.	PSHE – online safety	PSHE & Geography				
INK hks er, diff			Link to English - extended	Link to English - extended		U + <i>Y</i>				
L end			writing questions.	writing questions.						
i.e 86										
a	Formative:	Formative:	Formative:	Formative:	Formative:	Formative:				
able	Self and peer assessment	Self and peer assessment	Self and peer assessment	Self and peer assessment	Self and peer assessment	Self and peer assessment				
plic	Class discussions	Class discussions	Class discussions	Class discussions	Class discussions	Class discussions				
api	Classwork and homework	Classwork and homework	Classwork and homework	Classwork and homework	Classwork and homework	Classwork and homework				
S e as	Exit tickets	Starter questions	Exit tickets	Exit tickets	Starter questions	Exit tickets				
ENT tive	Think pair share	Exit tickets	Think pair share	Think pair share	Exit tickets	Think pair share				
sMI	Quizzes	Think pair share	Quizzes	Quizzes	Think pair share	Quizzes				
For	Mnemonics	Quizzes	Mnemonics	Mnemonics	Quizzes	Mnemonics				
ASS		Mnemonics	Retrieval power Ticket	Retrieval power Ticket	Mnemonics	Retrieval power Ticket				
nmative a					Retrieval power Ticket					
	Summative:	Summative:	Summative:	Summative:						
	End of unit test	End of unit test	End of unit test	End of unit test	Summative:	Summative:				
Su					End of unit test	End of unit test				
	Opportunity for students to	Opportunity for students to	Opportunity for students to	Opportunity for students to	Opportunity for students to	Opportunity for students to				
VS ED	reflect on learning respond to	reflect on learning respond to	reflect on learning respond to	reflect on learning respond to	reflect on learning respond to	reflect on learning respond to				
SOI SOI NN	feedback, improve work, etc.	feedback, improve work, etc.	feedback, improve work, etc.	feedback, improve work, etc.	feedback, improve work, etc.	feedback, improve work, etc.				
:EEI LES PLA										
-	v	▼	▼	V	▼	<				
	CPU	Bit	Lossy	Wireless	Malware					
۲	RAM	Byte	Lossless	Wired	Phishing	Ethical				
LAF	ROM	Kilobyte	Bit depth	Protocol	Brute force attack	Legal				
\BU	Optical	Megabyte	Binary	IP address	DOS attack	Cultural				
CC	Magnetic	Gigabyte	Sample rate	Encryption	SQL Injection	Environmental				
r vo	Solid state	Overflow	Compression	HTTP, HTTPS, FTP, POP, MAP,	Pen test	Privacy				
TIST	Primary and secondary	Two's complement		SMTP, TCP	Firewalls	Data Protection Act				
CIA	storage	Sign and Magnitude.		Routers, switches WAP, The	User access levels	Computer Misuse Act				
SPE	Cache			cloud	Passwords	Copyright Designs and				
	Cores			Star, Mesh	Encryption	Patents Act				
	Clock speed					Software licences.				
≻ 9	✓ Strategies to learn n	nore, remember more (metacogr	nition) used in lessons e.g. retrieva	al, elaboration, interleaving, dual	coding, etc.					
ALIT RST CHIN	 Differentiation and i 	reasonable adjustments for stude	ents with SEND, EAL, etc. such as	scaffolding, visual aids, audio, phy	sical resources, planned question	ing, etc.				
LUA FIF	 Opportunities for Lit 	eracy, Numeracy and Oracy, incl	uding a focus on reading							

✓ Opportunities to apply key concepts and address misconceptions

EAR 10:	AR 10: Practical							
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
	UNIT OF WORK: <u>COMPUTATIONAL THINKING,</u> <u>ALGORITHMS AND</u> <u>PROGRAMMING</u>	UNIT OF WORK: <u>Algorithms & Pseudo</u> <u>Code</u>	UNIT OF WORK: <u>Algorithms & Pseudo</u> <u>Code</u>	UNIT OF WORK: <u>Subprograms</u>	UNIT OF WORK: <u>Lists and loops</u>	UNIT OF WORK: <u>Nested Lists & File</u> <u>Reading</u>		
	To know how to use Python to code small programs from the given tasks and will be able to apply knowledge to new programming scenarios. Students will know how to use Python to code programs using the key skills listed below.	Students will be able to solve computational problems using flowcharts and pseudo code. They will be able to use trace tables to trace through a program to identify logic errors and to trace data at different stages of a program. They will understand Boolean logic and will be able to recall the rules for AND, NOT and OR gates	Students will be able to solve computational problems using flowcharts and pseudo code. They will be able to use trace tables to trace through a program to identify logic errors and to trace data at different stages of a program. They will understand Boolean logic and will be able to recall the rules for AND, NOT and OR gates	Through practical programming students will be able to use and recall their knowledge of selection and iteration and apply it to code programs using functions and procedures. Understand the difference between a function and a procedure and learn to organise their subprograms into larger programs that solve problems	Through practical programming students will be able to use and recall their knowledge of index positions, selection, and iteration and apply it to code programs that makes use of lists. Students will understand the difference between 1 dimensional and 2 dimensional arrays. They will develop solutions to larger programs using lists.	Through practical programming students will be able to use and recall their knowledge of lists to create programs using nested lists. Students will build their existing knowledge to code a program that can read and write data to a file. The will apply all their programming knowledge to effectively solve a complex problem.		
	Use Python to apply the following practical skills: (Recall embed skills from KS 3) Escape sequences Code small programs Identify and correct syntax errors independently Maths operators Data type, variable and inputs String formatting Relational operators Selection	Use Python to apply the following practical skills: To be able to: Use the correct flowchart symbols to accurately sequence the steps to solve a problem. Use .draw.io software to create flowcharts. Use normal data, boundary data and erroneous data to test a program. Use a trace table effectively to trace the content of data in variables. Use the OCR Exam ref language to write and read pseudo code. Draw Boolean gates and tables.	Use Python to apply the following practical skills: To be able to: Use the correct flowchart symbols to accurately sequence the steps to solve a problem. Use .draw.io software to create flowcharts. Use normal data, boundary data and erroneous data to test a program. Use a trace table effectively to trace the content of data in variables. Use the OCR Exam ref language to write and read pseudo code. Draw Boolean gates and tables.	Use Python to apply the following practical skills: Decomposition Breaking larger programs down into subprograms. Difference between functions and procedures. Calling function/procedure Return a value to a function	Use Python to apply the following practical skills: For loops While loops Built in functions Validation in programs Sub programs	Use Python to apply the following practical skills: Reading and writing to a file Nested lists Flowcharts Pseudo code		
KNOWLEDGE?	KS 3 SOW Year 7 – Input, Output, variables, selection, data types	KS 3 SOW Practical programming using OR, AND to code programs making use of Boolean logic e.g. grade calculator, password program.	KS 3 SOW Year 9 SOW – selection and iteration.	KS 3 SOW Year 9 SOW – selection and iteration	KS 3 SOW Year 9 SOW – sorting and searching algorithms	KS 3 SOW Iteration Selection Decomposition		

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LINKS TO THE WORLD i.e. links to careers, equality: gender, class, ethnicity, etc.; different subjects	<u>Careers:</u> See PPT slides. Famous programmers from the past. Companies that use Python Programming software used in the world of work.	Careers: Cross curricular PSHE & Geography	Careers: Reference should be made to careers in programming. Careers in coding, software development and programming - icould	Careers: Reference should be made to careers in programming. Careers in coding, software development and programming - icould	Careers: Reference should be made to careers in programming. These can include: software development, network security, networking, Al.	Careers: Reference should be made to careers in programming. These can include: software development, network security, networking, Al.
ASSESSMENTS Summative and Formative as applicable	Formative: Self-evaluation of programs Class discussions Think pair share Peer feedback Summative: End of unit test	Formative: Self and peer assessment Class discussions Classwork and homework Exit tickets Think pair share Quizzes Mnemonics Retrieval power Ticket Summative: End of unit test	Formative: Self-evaluation of programs Class discussions Think pair share Peer feedback Summative: End of unit test	Formative: Self-evaluation of programs Class discussions Think pair share Peer feedback Summative: End of unit test	Formative: Self-evaluation of programs Class discussions Think pair share Peer feedback Summative: End of unit test	Formative: Self-evaluation of programs Class discussions Think pair share Peer feedback Summative: End of unit test
FEEDBACK LESSONS PLANNED	Opportunity for students to reflect on learning, respond to feedback, improve work, etc.	Opportunity for students to reflect on learning, respond to feedback, improve work, etc.	Opportunity for students to reflect on learning, respond to feedback, improve work, etc.	Opportunity for students to reflect on learning, respond to feedback, improve work, etc.	Opportunity for students to reflect on learning, respond to feedback, improve work, etc.	Opportunity for students to reflect on learning, respond to feedback, improve work, etc.
SPECIALIST VOCABULARY	Escape sequences Data types Variables String formatting Relational operators Input/Output IF ELSE	Algorithms Boolean Pseudo code Abstraction Trace table Flowchart Input, Process, Output Decision	Algorithms Boolean Pseudo code Abstraction Trace table Flowchart Input, Process, Output Decision	Function Procedure Parameter Argument Return Call Decomposition Len Min Max Scope Global vs Local Types of errors – Syntax, Logic, Runtime	For loop While loop Lists Array Functions Subprograms	Reading and writing to a file Decomposition Readline Writeline Try except else
QUALITY FIRST EACHING	 ✓ Strategies to learn n ✓ Differentiation and i ✓ Opportunities for Lit 	nore, remember more (metacogr reasonable adjustments for stude teracy, Numeracy and Oracy, incl	nition) used in lessons e.g. retrieva ents with SEND, EAL, etc. such as s uding a focus on reading	l, elaboration, interleaving, dual o caffolding, visual aids, audio, phy	coding, etc. sical resources, planned question	ing, etc.

✓ Opportunities to apply key concepts and address misconceptions

YEAR 11:	EAR 11: Programming project & Theory							
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1			
	UNIT OF WORK: Algorithms-SECTION 6	UNIT OF WORK: <u>Ethical,</u> Legal & Cultural	UNIT OF WORK: DIRT: DEC MOCKS	UNIT OF WORK: <u>Revision</u>	UNIT OF WORK: <u>Revision</u>	UNIT OF WORK: End of course		
KNOWLEDGE	Understand and apply computational thinking methods. Understand what linear and binary search algorithms are. Understand what bubble, insertion and merge sort algorithms are.	Impacts of digital technology on wider society. Explore the legislation relevant to Computer Science.	Y11 Mock Results will determine topics which require a refresher or which need to be re-taught	Recap subject knowledge for each topic using know more remember more strategies:	Recap subject knowledge for each topic using know more remember more strategies:			
KEY SKILLS	<u>Be able to:</u> Trace linear and binary search algorithms. Trace bubble, insertion and merge sort algorithms. Produce algorithms using flowcharts and pseudo code. Interpret correct or complete algorithms.	Be able to: Apply the relevant legislation to a given scenario. To understand and remember the impact of technology on society. To be able to evaluate the impact of technology on society, culture and ethics. Discuss the impacts of digital technology on the wider society including ethical issues, cultural issues and environmental issues. Describe the features of open source and proprietary software licences.	Be able to: Explain the purpose of the CPU and describe and explain the functions of its key components Explain why data must be stored in binary format and how characters are represented in binary Explain how sound is stored in binary format Describe and explain different types of networks; the hardware needed to create a network; Describe the different factors influencing network performance Explain IP and Stack Protocols	Study techniques enhanced Creating knowledge organisers Using exam reference language to write and read program code.	Study techniques enhanced Creating knowledge organisers Using exam reference language to write and read program code.			
HOW DO WE BUILD ON SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE?	Link to KS 3: Year 9 SOW sorting algorithms	Link to KS 3 & year 10: Year 9 – Ethical and legal	Link to KS 3: Years 7-10 inclusive (these are mini refresher courses)	Revisit subject knowledge: Section 1 Section 2 Section 3 Section 4 Section 5 Section 6 Programming revision theory	Revisit subject knowledge: Section 1 Section 2 Section 3 Section 4 Section 5 Section 6 Programming revision theory			

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LINKS TO THE WORLD i.e. links to careers; equality: gender, class, ethnicity, etc.; different subjects	World of work: Explicit reference to how the searching and sorting algorithms are used in the world of work.	World of work: Explicit reference to how the searching and sorting algorithms are used in the world of work.	World of work: Explicit reference to networks and how they are built in the workplace			
ASSESSMENTS Summative and Formative as applicable	Formative: Self and peer assessment Class discussions Classwork and homework Exit tickets Think pair share Quizzes Mnemonics Summative: End of unit test	Formative: Self and peer assessment Class discussions Classwork and homework Exit tickets Think pair share Quizzes Mnemonics Retrieval power Ticket Summative: End of unit test	Formative: Self and peer assessment Class discussions Classwork and homework Exit tickets Think pair share Quizzes Mnemonics Retrieval power Ticket Summative: End of unit test	Retrieval practice Interleaving Spaced practice Dual coding Quizzes Summative Revision tests	Retrieval practice Interleaving Spaced practice Dual coding Quizzes <u>Summative</u> Revision tests	
FEEDBACK LESSONS PLANNED	Opportunity for students to reflect on learning, respond to feedback, improve work, etc.	Opportunity for students to reflect on learning, respond to feedback, improve work, etc.	Opportunity for students to reflect on learning, respond to feedback, improve work, etc.	Opportunity for students to reflect on learning, respond to feedback, improve work, etc.	Opportunity for students to reflect on learning, respond to feedback, improve work, etc.	Opportunity for students to reflect on learning, respond to feedback, improve work, etc.
SPECIALIST VOCABULARY	Bubble sort Merge sort Trace Flowcharts Linear search Binary search	Ethical Legal Cultural Environmental Privacy Data Protection Act Computer Misuse Act Copyright Designs and Patents Act Software licences.	Systems Architecture Computer Networks How sound is stored in binary Programming Languages & IDE ASCII	See year 10 Curriculum map for keywords related to each topic.	See year 10 Curriculum map for keywords related to each topic.	
QUALITY FIRST TEACHING	 ✓ Strategies to learn n ✓ Differentiation and n ✓ Opportunities for Lit ✓ Opportunities to app 	nore, remember more (metacogn reasonable adjustments for stude teracy, Numeracy and Oracy, inclu ply key concepts and address mis	ition) used in lessons e.g. retrieva ents with SEND, EAL, etc. such as s uding a focus on reading conceptions	I, elaboration, interleaving, dual c caffolding, visual aids, audio, phy	coding, etc. sical resources, planned question	ng, etc.

