# RUTLISH SCHOOL 

## YEAR 8

## TUTOR TIME SPECIALIST VOCABULARY AND SPELLING BOOKLET



## A NOTE FOR TUTORS

As well as practising spellings, students should use their mini-dictionaries to look up the meaning of unfamiliar words, then practise using those words (end pages for practice).

Share the spelling strategies below with your tutor group and let students choose the method which works best for them. You may need to remind students about the different spelling methods each week and encourage them to try different approaches.

Choose 10 spellings for your test in the morning. It is up to you whether you choose to focus on spellings from a different subject each week or select 10 words at random from all subjects and the 'commonly misspelt' list.

When reading out the correct spellings, ensure students are marking and correcting their work. Misspelt spellings should be written out correctly three times, rather than simply marking them as incorrect.

## Please award literacy points for accurate spellings ;)

## SPELLING STRATEGIES

1. Break it into sounds (d-i-a-r-y)
2. Break it into syllables (re-mem-ber)
3. Break it into affixes (dis-cover/bold-ly)
4. Make up a mnemonic (necessary - one collar, two sleeves)
5. Refer to word in the same family (muscle - muscular) (word webs)
6. Say it as it sounds (Wed-nes-day) (spellspeak)
7. Words within words (Tragedy - t-rage-edy)
8. Visual memory (look-cover-write-check)

## COMMON MISSPELLINGS

Test your tutees on these 100 commonly misspelled words:

| their/they're/there | practise (verb) | practice (noun) | different | then/than |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| familiar | changeable | definitely | people | different |
| because | thought | successful | beautiful | pursue |
| sincerely | embarrass | immediately | write/right | try/tries |
| foreign | analyse/analysis/ analyses (plural) | library | questionnaire | discreet/discrete |
| affect (v)/effect ( n ) | argument | necessary | busy | millennium |
| calendar | acquire | miniature | recommend | would/wood |
| said | receive | bear/bare | minuscule | frightened |
| grammar | separate | weird | didn't | always |
| interesting | exceed | accentuate | pigeon | perceive |
| until | our/are | asked | playwright | through/threw |
| whether/weather | believe | little | repetition | accommodate |
| went | jewellery | tomorrow | fulfil | morning/mourning |
| surprise | beginning | caught | technique | together |
| now/know | decide | friend | equipment | occurrence |
| before | bought | lightning | rhythm | hierarchy |
| again | heard/herd | existence | principle/principal | business |
| achieve | February Wednesday | humour/humorous | sentence | occasionally |
| here/hear | its/it's | know/no | off/of | to/too/two |
| were/we're/where | quiet/quite | who's/whose | your/you're | though |


| ART |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| line | relief | narrative | narrative |  | line |
| shape | depth | brainstorm | collaboratio | shape | shape |
| form | clay | collaboration |  | form | form |
| 3D | score \& slip | set design |  | 3D | 3D |
| outline | cross hatch | set designer | resilience | outline | outline |
| tone | design |  | set design | tone | tone |
| colour | plan | project brief | set designer | culture | culture |
| formal | refine | models/maquettes |  | research | research |
|  | mark makings | planning | project brief | design | design |
| depth | textures | 3D construction |  | initial ideas | initial ideas |
| contrast | pinch pot | techniques |  | final plan | final plan |
| experiment | watercolour | paper folding | construction | lino | balance |
| risk taking | painting <br> techniques | techniques | techniques | balance | contrast |
| shading | evaluate |  | paper | contrast | mark making |
| proportion |  |  | folding | mark making |  |
| realistic |  |  |  | negative/positiv | lino cutter |
| mark-makings |  |  | evaluate | e spaces | printing |
| primary |  |  |  |  | printmaker |
| secondary |  |  |  |  | contrast |
| tertiary |  |  |  |  | consistency |
| complimentary |  |  |  |  | evaluate |


| BIOLOGY |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| breathing | stomata | enzymes | enzymes | population | population |
| trachea | guard cells | dietary fibre | dietary fibre | natural <br> selection <br> bronchi <br> bronchioles <br> alveoli | chloroplasts <br> chlophyll |
| photosynthesis | lipids | natural <br> selection <br> exteins | lipids | biodiversity | biodiversity |


| diaphragm | limiting factor | deficiency | proteins | adaptation | adaptation |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| respiration | transpiration | denature | deficiency | competition | competition |
| aerobic | fertilisers |  | denature | evolution | evolution |
| anaerobic |  |  |  |  |  |
| fermentation |  |  |  |  |  |


| CHEMISTRY |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| fuel <br> chemical <br> reaction <br> physical change <br> reactants <br> products <br> conserved | metals <br> non-metals <br> displacement <br> oxidation <br> reactivity | rock cycle <br> weathering <br> erosion <br> minerals <br> sedimentary <br> rock <br> igneous rocks <br> metamorphic <br> rock <br> strata | global warming <br> fossil fuel <br> carbon sink <br> greenhouse <br> effect | galaxy <br> light years <br> stars <br> orbit <br> exoplanet | natural resources mineral ore extraction recycling electrolysis |


| DRAMA |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| Victorian | alms-house | mortuary | patriarchal | passive acting | classism |
| orphan | infirmary | fourth wall | society | gender | social hierarchy |
| workhouse | chimney sweep | apron | deception | dominance | ageism |
| staging | gruel | constructive | gender roles | down -stage <br> right | societal bias |
| Charles Dickens | funeral crier | criticism | orchestral pit | double class | traverse |


| DT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Project: CAM Car | Location indicator | Video Game | Food <br> Technology |
| orthographic drawings <br> isometric drawings <br> design brief <br> product analysis <br> client <br> ACCESSFM <br> flow chart <br> quality control, <br> life cycle assessment <br> trisquare <br> marking gauge <br> pillar drill <br> coping saw <br> tenon saw <br> chisel <br> mallet <br> design <br> create <br> evaluate | design brief social/moral/cultural case study recycle reduce refuse reuse repair rethink modern materials smart materials composite materials built-in obsolescence <br> ACCESSFM <br> product analysis isometric drawing hardwood/softwood manufactured board design create evaluate | design brief social/moral/cultural mind-mapping intended users/target market secondary research point of sale product analysis 2-D design design create evaluate | health and safety <br> measure <br> sieve <br> dice <br> knead <br> utensils <br> boiling <br> simmering <br> shallow fry/deep <br> fry/stir fry <br> steaming <br> poaching <br> grilling <br> roast <br> baked <br> thermometers <br> casserole <br> slow cooking <br> microwave cooking |


| ENGLISH |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| suggests | describe | alliteration | anaphora | suggests | alliteration |
| implies | explain | emotive | anecdote | implies | emotive |
| implicit | metaphors | language |  | infer | language |
| highlights | simile | allusion | opinion | creates | allusion |
| creates | personification | hyperbole | rhetorical | furthermore | hyperbole |
| furthermore | adjectives | repetition | question | however | repetition |
| however |  | onomatopoeia | emotive | conversely | onomatopoeia |


| moreover | verbs | rhythm | language | evaluate | rhythm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| conversely | structure | imagery | exaggeration | moreover | imagery |
| creates | character | hyperbole | statistics | analyse | hyperbole |
| evaluate | setting | personification | inference | predict | personification |
| author | climax | conflict | implication | contrast | persuasion |
| playwright | protagonist | rhyme | speak | soliloquy | analysis |
| poet | antagonist | fighting | speech | monologue | analyses |
| language | villain | believe | language | dialogue | analyse |
| analyse | henchman | sensory | persuasive |  |  |
| dialogue | hero/heroine | message | emotive |  |  |
| convey | narrative | portray |  |  |  |


| GEOGRAPHY |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| accessible <br> function <br> amenity <br> brownfield site <br> green belt <br> greenfield site <br> retail <br> urban regeneration <br> urban sprawl | anemometer <br> atmospheric conditions <br> climate <br> depression <br> meteorologist <br> precipitation <br> okta <br> weather | exploit <br> footloose <br> globalisation <br> infrastructure <br> interdependent <br> labour <br> trading block <br> trans-national <br> corporations | agriculture <br> sustainable <br> sediment <br> honeypot site <br> sewage <br> affluent <br> irrigation <br> dredging <br> hydroelectricity <br> silt <br> fertilisers | hard engineering <br> swash <br> bay <br> attrition <br> constructive wave <br> corrosion <br> destructive wave <br> abrasion <br> hydraulic action <br> backwash <br> soft engineering | albedo <br> crevasse <br> glacier <br> high altitude <br> ice sheet <br> ice shelf <br> iceberg |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline \text { HISTORY } & & & & & \\ \hline \text { Autumn 1 } & \text { Autumn 2 } & \text { Spring 1 } & \text { Spring 2 } & \text { Summer 1 } & \text { Summer 2 } \\ \hline \text { causation } & \text { evidence } & \begin{array}{l}\text { interpretations } \\ \text { and evidence } \\ \text { civil war } \\ \text { royalist }\end{array} & \text { diversity } & \text { trade } & \begin{array}{l}\text { diversity } \\ \text { change and } \\ \text { continuity } \\ \text { Roundhead } \\ \text { subjugate }\end{array} \\ & & \text { interpretation } & \begin{array}{l}\text { suffrage } \\ \text { voting } \\ \text { trade union }\end{array} & \text { causation } \\ \text { interpretation } \\ \text { colony }\end{array}\right]$


| ICT |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| audience <br> world wide web <br> published <br> web <br> components <br> evaluation <br> master page <br> hyperlinks <br> plan <br> effective search <br> formatting | hexadecimal <br> binary <br> denary <br> convert <br> base 2 <br> nibble, bit, byte, kilobyte, gigabyte | problem solving programming <br> sequencing <br> loops <br> if statements <br> de bugging <br> selection <br> iteration | image <br> manipulation <br> photo editing <br> photoshop <br> magnetic lasso tool. <br> cloning <br> distort features <br> filters <br> layers <br> refine edge <br> quick selection <br> tool <br> magic wand <br> tool <br> brush tool <br> healing tool | http and https <br> protocols, ip <br> address and domain name <br> hardware <br> servers, <br> browsers <br> packet <br> switching <br> switch | rom <br> ram <br> components <br> hardware <br> multiple-core processors <br> input, process and output <br> motherboard <br> heat sink <br> speed (GHZ) |


|  |  |  | clipping mask |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| MATHEMATICS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Applying Maths and solving problems | Calculations | Numbers and the number system | Algebra | Shape Space and Measures | Handling data |
| conclusion deduce exceptional case justify prove proof | associative <br> best <br> estimate <br> degree of <br> accuracy <br> distributive <br> interest <br> profit/loss <br> sign change <br> key <br> value added <br> tax (vat) | ascending <br> descending <br> billion <br> index <br> power <br> integer <br> value <br> cube <br> recurring <br> decimal <br> terminating <br> fraction <br> unitary method | algebraic <br> expression <br> formula/formulae <br> linear equation <br> multiply out <br> transform <br> verify <br> arithmetic <br> sequence <br> gradient <br> intercept <br> function <br> notation slope | alternate angles bisect/bisector complementary angles elevation equidistant heptagon interior angle isometric mid-point plan view tessellate triangular prism | continuous <br> discrete <br> interrogate <br> graph <br> pyramid <br> primary source <br> sample <br> scatter graph <br> stem-and-leaf <br> diagram <br> two-way table <br> biased <br> probability <br> theoretical <br> theory |

## MFL



## GERMAN

| Autumn |  | Spring |  | Summer |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I did | Ich habe gemacht | Yesterday | gestern | I do | Ich werde machen |
| 1 ate | Ich habe gegessen | Last week end | letztes Wochenende | 1 eat | Ich werde essen |
| I played | Ich habe gespielt | Last night | gestern Abend | I play | Ich werde spielen |
| 1 drank | Ich habe getrunken | Today | heute | I drink | Ich werde trinken |
| 1 listened | Ich habe gehört | Now | jetzt | I listen | Ich werde hören |
| I wrote | Ich habe geschrieben | Next week | nächste Woche | I write | Ich werde schreiben |
| 1 spoke | Ich habe gesprochen | Tomorrow | morgen | 1 speak | Ich werde sprechen |
| 1 read | Ich habe gelesen | In the morning | morgens | 1 read | Ich werde lesen |
| I bought | Ich habe gekauft | In the afternoon | nachmittags | I buy | Ich werde kaufen |
| I watched | Ich habe gesehen |  |  | I watch | Ich werde sehen |
| I went | Ich bin gegangen |  |  | 1 go | Ich werde gehen |


| SPANISH |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 1 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| I did hice <br> I ate comí <br> I played jugué <br> I drank bebí <br> I listened escuché <br> I wrote escribí <br> I spoke hablé <br> I read leí <br> I bought compré <br> I watched vi <br> I went fui | Yesterday ayer <br> Last weekend el fin de semana pasado <br> Last night anoche <br> Today hoy <br> Now ahora <br> Next week la semana que viene <br> Tomorrow mañana <br> In the morning por la mañana <br> In the afternoon por la tarde | I am going to do voy a hacer <br> I am going to eat voy a comer <br> I am going to play voy a jugar <br> Iam going to drink voy a beber <br> I am going to listen voy a escuchar <br> I am going to write voy a escribir <br> I am going to speak voy a hablar <br> I am going to read voy a leer <br> I am going to buy voy a comprar <br> lam going to watch voy a ver <br> I am going to go voy a ir |


| MUSIC |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| call <br> response <br> augmented | call and <br> response <br> diminished <br> flats | syncopation | syncopation | Dorian | Dorian |
| shang rhythm | swung rhythm | median | median |  |  |
| sharps | flatted notes | dotted notes | mode | mode |  |
| improvisation | triplets | triplets | pentatonic | pentatonic |  |
| improvisation | political unrest | political unrest |  |  |  |


| PE |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| restart <br> breakdown <br> scrum <br> formation | sequence <br> rotation <br> shape <br> balance | passing <br> receiving <br> marking <br> dodging | contact point <br> court <br> positioning <br> anticipation | drive <br> rotation <br> pull <br> push | bowling batting fielding throwing |


| decision making | muscular <br> tactics | formation | acceleration | jumping | power |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | fluency | decision making | tactics | coordination | deception |
|  | spotting | tactics |  | pace judgement | decision making |
| acceleration |  |  |  |  |  |


| PHYSICS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| work <br> lever <br> displacement <br> deformation <br> conductor <br> insulator <br> temperature <br> thermal energy <br> conduction <br> convection <br> radiation | work <br> lever <br> displacement <br> deformation <br> conductor <br> insulator <br> temperature <br> thermal energy <br> conduction <br> convection <br> radiation | magnetic force <br> permanent magnet <br> magnetic poles <br> electromagnet <br> solenoid <br> core | magnetic force <br> permanent magnet <br> magnetic poles <br> electromagnet <br> solenoid <br> core | equilibrium <br> deformation <br> linear relationship <br> newton <br> resultant force <br> friction <br> tension <br> compression <br> contact force <br> fluid <br> pressure <br> upthrust <br> atmospheric pressure | equilibrium <br> deformation <br> linear <br> relationship <br> newton <br> resultant force <br> friction <br> tension <br> compression <br> contact force <br> fluid <br> pressure <br> upthrust <br> atmospheric <br> pressure |


| PSHE |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Autumn | Spring | Summer |
| contraception | cigarettes | responsibility |
| consent | cancer | human rights |
| sexual intercourse | vaccinations | British values |
| penetration | MRNA | democracy |
| STI/STD | anorexia | election |
| pregnancy | bulimia | Conservative |
| abortion, | binge-eating | Labour |
| termination | hygiene | stereotype |


| conception | mindfulness | prejudice |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| toxic masculinity | meditation | discrimination |
| fat-shaming | metacognition | finance |
|  | CPR | economy |
| grooming | identity |  |
| fraud |  |  |


| RE |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Autumn 1 | Spring | Summer |
| enlightenment | Samsara Karma | Gurdwara |
| meditate | Moksha | Khalsa |
| Siddhartha | Puja | Kanda |
| Nirvana | Mandhir | Sewa |
| ascetic | Atman | martyr |
| noble | deity | equality |
|  | Brahman |  |

## Practice

Practise your spellings below (or use your planner), and put words into sentences to develop your understanding of their meaning.

Flash Fiction: below are examples of Flash Fiction, also known as micro-fiction. These are stories which tend to be between 100 and 500 words long. Notice how much information the writer packs into those few words, conveying a lot of meaning and emotion through well-chosen vocabulary and language techniques:

## Short Order Cook, by Cheryl Snell

She has turned on the wrong burner, and so the pot will not boil. Frustrated, she cracks the eggs and whips them. The man waiting for his breakfast looks at his fat gold watch. While the oranges are pulped, bacon fried to cinders, toast burnt black, the woman's blue curses bend the man's ear. He listens anxiously to her scuffle and stomp. He can't see her face, but glimpses the set of knives he once gifted her flashing in the sun. The man looks at his watch again. He wonders if breakfast is late because the woman has killed it.

## You Were Seven, by Sorrel Briggs

You were seven, so the main exit was the imagination. You were seven so you sat in Maths and ground the minutes between your teeth till you could taste them, like sherbet dust snuck from your pocket when the teachers weren't looking.

You were seven and knew seven had something to do with the Bible, but to you the Bible was a book with too many pages plus a story about an ark. You liked the idea of the ark, that huge wooden boat snug in the huger blue. You were ready for a flood.

You were seven and this had its own significance for you. Seven was jumping off the higher wall in the playground, bonus points for cut knees. Seven was getting the buses - two - back from school by yourself, no more clammy hand-holding, no more cold classrooms to sit and click your tongue in after the bell went. Seven was running a plucked tooth under the tap, blood down the drain, blood in your grin in the mirror: ace.

You were seven stones skittering along pavements, seven space invaders armed for attack, seven days stretched out on laundry lines in other people's gardens.

You'd been five when you moved into the hotel. No explanation, but you knew it'd had something to do with your dad wearing pyjamas in the daytime and all the letters piled up on the kitchen side. You'd asked for the envelopes and stuck them into planes and spaceships, even an ark of your own: the see-through bits made great windows. You brought them to the hotel and lined them up on the sill. They were still there when you turned seven.

Your mates thought it sounded wicked, living in a hotel: basically one long holiday. Being seven, you played along. You played up the chocolate-spread-sandwich dinners, the bannisters you tried sliding down like in films - and left out the long corridors, the sea of strange faces. The wet clothes you dumped from bath to sink when you went to get a shower, back again to brush your teeth. How your dad's snoring got in the way of sleep most nights. Quieter hours, the staff let you sit up on the reception desk and borrow their badges: your favourite was NIGHT PORTER, gold-lettered.

You were nearly eight when your dad said they've found us a place, it's not massive but we've got one. You were nearly eight and you could have your mates round for the first time in ages. You spent a week planning it. And they came and you showed them your room and the badge they'd let you keep, as a souvenir, and you were plugging the PS3 someone'd brought in a carrier bag into your TV when they said it's not a proper house really, there's no upstairs. Or garden. And something like upset swelled inside you but then you burst out laughing instead. Because what did you care. It was your home. And you were seven.

## Now: write your own Flash Fiction!

The shorter the story, the harder it can be to write! Take your time to think, plan, write and rewrite.
Tips for writing Flash Fiction:

1. Make the title do some work - it can start to tell the story, eg "Skating on Thin Ice"
2. Make an immediate start: take the reader straight to the heart of the story, introduce main characters, establish setting and raise a question that will be answered by the end.
3. Keep it simple, eg focus on a single scene at a particular moment.
4. Not too many characters.
5. Using first person and present tense can help keep it short.
6. Speech can convey a lot of information.
7. Choose powerful vocabulary.
8. Vary sentence types.
9. Make sure something has changed by the end of the story.
10.Be surprising!
11.Edit at the end - strip away all unnecessary words.
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